Biblical Hebrew Course 101

Boot Camp –

Lesson 3 - supplement מעור ג

Review 4 vowels, the next 5 consonants + 3 sofits



During a 1st Century VBS, Pastor Don taught children the Hebrew Aleph-Bet. (This was written by 8-12 year olds!)

3.01 supplement Review the first 4 vowels: kamats, patach, segol, & tsere

3.02 supplement Review 5 more consonants: kaf - samech

3.03 supplement Review the first 3 sofits (or final letters)

3.04 supplement Let's read Hebrew

3.05 supplement Extra practice

3.01 supplement First, let's review the first 4 vowels

VOWELS				
Vowels (aka nikkudot). Note: shown with aleph but can be with any letter	Name of Vowel	Sound of Vowel	Block	Write Each Letter
Ä	patach: פַתַח	" ah " as in sp a	אַ	
ķ	kamats: קַמַץ	" ah " as in sp a	Ϋ́	
Ä	segol: סָגוֹל	" eh " as in b e d	χֶ	
Ä	tsere: צֵירֵי	" eh " as in b e d	אֵ	

3.02 supplement Review 5 more consonants (letters)

- 1. Read the name of each consonant/letter below. (Refer to Sound of Letter column for pronunciation.)
- 2. Read & Print each letter below. (Refer to Sound of Letter column for pronunciation.)
 - * Note: 5 letters in Hebrew which look different when they appear as the final letter of a word. For example:
 - o kaf (೨) − pronounced "k" as in keep
 - o chaf (2) pronounced as "ch" in Bach
 - o chaf sofit (7) also pronounced as "ch". The chaf sofit appears only as the final letter of a word.

Next 5 letters (consonants #11-15) & 4 vowels				
Letter	Numeric value	Name	Block	Write & Pronounce Each Letter & Vowel
U	20	kaf		
Þ		kaf with dagesh (dot) & patach	Ō	
÷		kaf with dagesh (dot) & segol	ؿ	
a		kaf with dagesh (dot) & tsere	ؾ	
U	20	chaf (note: no dagesh in a chaf)	n	
Ų		chaf with kamats	Ĵ	
Û.		chaf with segol	Ĵ	
Ü		chaf with tsere	Ĵ	
7	20	*chaf sofit (a sofit is the final letter of a word)	٦	
1		chaf sofit with a kamats	Ĵ	

7		lamed	ל	
>	30	lamed with patach	לַ	
ڋ		lamed with segol	ڔ	
2		lamed with tsere	לֵ	
22		mem	מ	
*	40	mem with kamats	מָ	
*	10	mem with segol	ؿ	
*		mem with tsere	מֵ	
	40	*mem sofit (a sofit is the final letter of a word)	ם	
3		nun (noon)	3	
2	50	nun with patach	Ĵ	
		nun with segol	Ĵ	
2		nun with tsere	Ĵ	
7	50	*nun sofit (a sofit is the final letter of a word)	1	
D	60	samech	D	
Ď		samech with kamats	Ď	
Ö		samech with segol	Ď	
Ö		samech with tsere	Ď	

* 3.03 supplement Below are 3 consonants which have a different shape when they are the last letter of a word. (These final consonants/letters are called sofits in Hebrew):

In this lesson, we introduced 3 sofits:

- o chaf sofit (¬) pronounced the same as "¬" ("ch" as in Bach)
- o mem sofit (□) pronounced the same as "a" ("m" as in Tom)
- o nun sofit (1) pronounced the same as "1" ("n" as in Ben)

3.04 supplement Let's read Hebrew:

Read & Write words below: notice as a general rule, the final syllable is accented.			
Hebrew	Translation	Practice Writing Each Hebrew Word Below	
1) 7 2 2	he gave birth, fathered or begat (as in a genealogy)		
2)	boy (*note: when a 3 or 4-letter word has 2 segols, the first gets the accent)		
3) \$\$	God		
4) 77	What? (interrogative)		
5)725	so, like this, thus		
6) 🕽 📆 💆	bread (*note: when a 3 or 4-letter word has 2 segols, the first gets the accent)		
7) 728	Stone (*note: when a 3 or 4-letter word has 2 segols, the first gets the accent)		

3.05 supplement Extra Practice

Extra Practice			
Hebrew	Translation	Practice Writing Each Hebrew Word Below	
1) 7 7 7 7	one		
2)	this		
3) 7 3	God		
4) 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Laban (also means white)		
5)	yes, so, thus		
6)72	what		

Don't forget to bring your completed homework to class 😊